

PROGRESSIVE MULTI-JITTERED SAMPLE SEQUENCES

Per Christensen

Joint work with Andrew Kensler and Charlie Kilpatrick

Pixar Animation Studios



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MOTIVATION

RenderMan used to be off-line rendering (final movie frames)
But lately: also interactive rendering for faster feedback:

modeling, animation, lighting, ...

This has consequences for sample pattern choices. Rethink!



final frame



interactive animation





OVERVIEW

Survey + evaluation of existing sample sequences
 3 new algorithms: generate pj, pmj, pmj02 samples
 More evaluations: pixel sampling, area lights
 Extensions: blue noise, multi-class
 Speed-ups by Matt Pharr
 Higher dimensions, better visual quality







SAMPLE PATTERNS: SETS VS SEQUENCES

Sets:

- finite (fixed size)
- no particular order
- need to know how many samples
- no good for incremental rendering, adaptive sampling
- Sequences:
 - infinite
 - every prefix has a good distribution
 - no need to know how many samples
 - great for incremental rendering, adaptive sampling



SAMPLE PATTERNS: SETS VS SEQUENCES

Incremental rendering: area light sampling







100 samples from **set** with 400

5



vith 400 100 samples from **sequence** (same render time)



SAMPLE SETS









SAMPLE SEQUENCES







8

SAMPLE SEQUENCES: RANDOMIZED QUASI-RANDOM







FIRST COMPARISON OF SEQUENCES



COMPARING SAMPLE SEQUENCES

- How to measure "best"?
- Definitely not lowest discrepancy -- don't get me started!
- Better:
 - measure error when sampling various functions
 - confirm results in actual rendering: sample pixel positions, area lights, ...



INITIAL TESTS OF 2D SEQUENCES

Sample simple discontinuous and smooth functions on [0,1)²
 Known analytical reference values





Disk function: f(x,y) = 1 if $x^2 + y^2 < 2/pi$, 0 otherwise

y

1

0



→ X

1

















Similar tests for triangle function and step function shows high error for Sobol rot and Sobol xor, and Ahmed and Perrier



 \bigcirc 2D Gaussian function: $f(x,y) = exp(-x^2-y^2)$

y





reference value: ~0.557746















Bilinear function f(x,y) = xy: similar results





reference value: 0.25



SUMMARY OF INITIAL TESTS

Owen-scrambled Sobol is best:

- no pathological error for discontinuities at certain angles
- extraordinarily fast convergence for smooth functions





PROGRESSIVE (MULTI)JITTERED SEQUENCES



PROGRESSIVE (MULTI)JITTERING



- Framework for stochastic sample generation
- Three simple algorithms that progressively fill in holes in increasingly fine stratifications
- Build on jittered [Cook84] and multijittered [Chiu94] sample sets but sequences



🕂 No multi-jitter

Stratification goal: increasingly fine squares







Sample 1: random position







Sample 2: opposite diagonal square







Sample 3: one of the empty squares







Sample 4: last empty square







Samples 5-8: opposite squares







Samples 9-12: one of remaining squares







Samples 13-16: last remaining squares







🕂 And so on ...

Simple! Similar to [Dippe85,Kajiya86]

See pseudocode in EGSR 2018 paper





PROGRESSIVE MULTIJITTERED — PMJ

Stratification goal: squares, rows, and columns







PROGRESSIVE MULTIJITTERED — PMJ

Sample 1: random position






Sample 2: opposite diagonal square







Sample 3: one of the empty squares + empty 1D strips





Sample 4: remaining square + 1D strips







Samples 5-8: opposite squares + empty 1D strips







Samples 9-12: one of remaining squares + empty 1D strips







Samples 13-16: last remaining squares + empty 1D strips







And so on ...

Similar to multijittered sets [Chiu94], but for sequences

Pseudocode in EGSR 2018 paper





Stratification goal: all base-2 elementary intervals





- Very similar to pmj, but reject samples if in elementary interval stratum that is already occupied
 - See pseudo-code in EGSR 2018 paper for details
- Speed: 39,000 samples/sec (1 CPU thread)
 - too slow during rendering, so pre-generate tables





SECOND COMPARISON OF SEQUENCES



PIXEL SAMPLING

Each pixel is a "function" we sample

Image resolution: 400x300

Reference images: 500² = 250,000 jittered samples/pixel

Each error curve: average of 100 sequences



PIXEL SAMPLING: CHECKERED TEAPOTS



checkered teapots on checkered ground plane





PIXEL SAMPLING: CHECKERED TEAPOTS







PIXEL SAMPLING: TEXTURED TEAPOTS



textured teapots on textured ground plane





PIXEL SAMPLING: TEXTURED TEAPOTS (1)





PIXEL SAMPLING: TEXTURED TEAPOTS (2)





SQUARE AREA LIGHT SAMPLING





53

SQUARE AREA LIGHT SAMPLING (1)





SQUARE AREA LIGHT SAMPLING (2)







VARIATIONS AND EXTENSIONS



VARIATIONS AND EXTENSIONS

Status: up until this point, we've only shown that pmj02 samples are as good as Owen-scrambled Sobol

So what ??

BUT: within pmj framework we can add blue noise, generate multiclass samples, ...



PMJ WITH BLUE NOISE

Simple variation: when generating a new pj/pmj/pmj02 sample, generate N candidate points and pick the one that's most distant from previous samples

For example:



plain pmj



pmj w/ blue noise





FOURIER SPECTRA





plain pmj



pmj w/ blue noise



PMJ WITH BLUE NOISE

Not clear whether blue noise reduces error?
 But at least the patterns look more pleasing





PMJ WITH INTERLEAVED MULTICLASS SAMPLES

pj/pmj/pmj02 samples can be divided into two classes on the fly
 Each class almost as well stratified as the full sequence
 For example:

4 16 64



61



1024

256





PMJ WITH INTERLEAVED MULTICLASS SAMPLES

Two classes can provide two independent estimates for each pixel
Can be useful for adaptive sampling





FASTER SAMPLE GENERATION [PHARR19]

Faster sample generation by better data structure -- keeping track of unoccupied elementary intervals

Reference: Matt Pharr, "Efficient generation of points that satisfy twodimensional elementary intervals", JCGT 2019

Speed: 333,000 points / sec (1 CPU thread)



HIGHER DIMENSIONS: 3D, 4D, 5D, ...

- For depth-of-field (DOF), motion blur (MB)
- DOF: need 2D samples for pixel pos + 2D for lens pos
- If we just use two pmj02 sequences: correlation



- Better: randomly shuffle sample order of one of the 2D sequences (similar to [Cook84] for sample sets). Avoids correlation
- Even better: carefully shuffle sample order such that 2D+2D points are stratified in 4D. Implementation: swap order of two points and check if that improves 4D stratification; stop when fully stratified.
 - MB: similar for 2D pixel pos + 1D time samples
- Combined: 2D+2D+1D table



BETTER VISUAL QUALITY

Better placement of **1st** sample/pixel: fully stratify in 4x4 pixel blocks. Similar in spirit to [Georgiev16] "Blue noise dithered sampling"

New, better technique:

- Heitz et al, "A low-discrepancy sampler that distributes Monte Carlo errors as blue noise in screen space" -- this afternoon!
- shuffles and xor-scrambles Sobol samples to improve visual quality for all samples
- we could/should do that with pmj02 samples, too!







CONCLUSION + FUTURE WORK

Two main contributions:

- fresh assessment of existing sample sequences
- framework for stochastic progressive sample generation
- Error equal to best quasi-random sequence, but allows blue noise, multiclass, future variations

More info: EGSR 2018 paper + supplemental material

Future: hopefully even more optimal sample sequences?



A "FREEBIE": FUNCSAMP2D PROGRAM

C++ program to integrate 2D functions with various sample sequences
 For comparison of error and convergence rates of sequences
 Polished version of program I used for plots in this talk
 Different function classes: discontinuous, continuous, smooth, ...
 Available at GitHub: <u>github.com/perchristensen/funcsamp2D</u>
 Feel free to extend it: more functions, higher dimensions, ...







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"The generation of random samples is too important to be left to chance"

- R. Coveyou





Thank you !
















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